



## Safety Data Sheet

### 1 – Product Identifier & Identity for the Chemical

<b>Manufacturer:</b> WD-40 Company Australia Pty Ltd	<b>Product Name:</b> WD-40 Specialist Fast Release Penetrant
<b>Address:</b> 41 Rawson Street (Level 2, Suite 23) Epping NSW, 2121, Australia	<b>Chemical Name:</b> Mixture
<b>Telephone:</b> <b>Information:</b> +61 2 9868 2200 <b>Emergency only:</b> 1800 024 973	<b>Product Use:</b> Lubricant, Penetrant
<b>Poisons Information Centre:</b> <b>Australia:</b> 13 11 26 <b>New Zealand:</b> 0800 764 766	<b>Restriction on Use:</b> None Identified
<b>New Zealand Contact Details:</b> <b>Name:</b> Eproducts New Zealand Limited <b>Address:</b> 7D Orbit Drive Albany New Zealand <b>Telephone:</b> <b>Information:</b> 09 916 6750	<b>SDS Date Of Preparation:</b> 3 March 2017

### 2 – Hazards Identification

#### Classification of the Hazardous Chemical (in accordance with WHS Regulation)

Health	Environmental	Physical
Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (Narcotic effects)	Aquatic Acute Toxicity Category 3 Aquatic Chronic Toxicity Category 3	Flammable Aerosol Category 1 Gas Under Pressure: Compressed Gas

#### Label Elements



Contains: Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

#### Danger!

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces.-No smoking.  
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  
P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**  
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician if you feel unwell.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Storage**  
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal**  
P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

**Other Hazards that do not Result in Classification:** None

### 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS #	Weight Percent	Substance Classification
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (contains Nonane, Octane)	64742-48-9 111-84-2 111-65-9	30-60%	Flam. Liq. Cat 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. Cat 1 (H304) STOT SE Cat 3 (H336) Aq. Chronic Cat 3 (H412) AUH066
Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Propane, n-Butane)	74-98-6 106-97-8	35-45%	Flam. Gas Cat 1 (H220) Press. Gas (H280)
Mineral Oil (contains <3% DMSO)	64742-52-5 64742-54-7	<10%	Not Hazardous

See Section 16 for full text of GHS Classification and H phrases

### 4 – First Aid Measures

**Ingestion (Swallowed):** Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a Poisons Information Center (phone 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia or 0800 764 766 in New Zealand) immediately.

**Eye Contact:** Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**Skin Contact:** Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops, get medical attention.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

**Most Important Symptoms:** Direct contact with eyes may cause mild irritation. Prolonged skin contact may cause drying of the skin and cracking. Inhalation of mists may cause headache, dizziness, nausea and other symptoms of central nervous system depression. Accidental ingestion may cause gastrointestinal effects with irritation, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, coma and death. Aspiration into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause lung damage.

**Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment, if Needed:** Immediate medical attention is required for ingestion.

### 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire.

**Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition source and open fire. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back. A vapor and air mixture can create an explosion hazard in confined spaces.

**Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters:** Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers. Cool fire-exposed containers with water.

**6 – Accidental Release Measures**

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:** Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area.

**Environmental Precautions:** Avoid releases to the environment. Report spills to authorities as required.

**Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup:** Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly.

**7 – Handling and Storage**

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating vapors and inhaling can be harmful or fatal. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights, hot surfaces and open flames. Unplug electrical tools, motors and appliances before spraying or bringing the can near any source of electricity. Electricity can burn a hole in the can and cause contents to burst into flames. To avoid serious burn injury, do not let the can touch battery terminals, electrical connections on motors or appliances or any other source of electricity. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate containers, even when empty.

**Conditions for Safe Storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Protect from physical damage. Do not store in direct sunlight, near open flames or above temperatures greater than 50°C.

**8 – Exposure Controls /Personal Protection**

Chemical	Occupational Exposure Limits	Biological Limit Value
Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	1200 mg/m3 TWA Supplier Recommended (total hydrocarbon)	None Established
Nonane	200 ppm TWA AU OEL 200 ppm TWA NZ OEL 200 ppm TWA NZ WES 200 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV	None Established
Octane	300 ppm TWA, 375 ppm STEL AU OEL 300 ppm TWA, 375 ppm STEL NZ OEL 300 ppm TWA, 375 ppm STEL NZ WES 300 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV	None Established
Propane	Asphyxiant – See Chapter 10 of Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard NZ-WESEs: Simple Asphyxiant-may present an explosion hazard	None Established

n-Butane	800 ppm TWA AU OEL 800 ppm TWA NZ OEL 1000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV (as Butane, all isomers)	None Established
Mineral Oil	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA AU OEL (as oil mist, refined mineral) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA, 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL NZ OEL (as oil mist, mineral) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA ACGIH TLV (inhalable) (as mineral oil)	None Established

**The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Use in a well-ventilated area.

**Personal Protection:**

**Eye Protection:** Avoid eye contact. Always spray product away from your face.

**Skin Protection:** Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wash hands with soap and water after use.

**Respiratory Protection:** None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

**For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

**Personal Protection:**

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles are recommended.

**Skin Protection:** Wear appropriate protective clothing and chemical-resistant gloves to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

**Respiratory Protection:** None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear an approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow applicable regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

**Work/Hygiene Practices:** Wash hands after handling.

**Other Protective Equipment:** None required.

**9 – Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance and Odor:	Aerosol spray with a characteristic odor	Partition Coefficient of n-octanol/water:	Not determined
Odor Threshold:	Not determined	Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
pH:	Not determined	Decomposition Temperature:	Not determined
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not applicable	Viscosity:	Not determined
Boiling Point / Range:	110-190°C (230-374°F) (Concentrate)	Specific Heat Value:	Not determined
Flash Point:	>23°C (>73°F) (Concentrate)	Particle Size:	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1):	Not determined	VOC:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable	Percent Volatile:	Not determined
Flammable Limits:	LEL 0.6% UEL 7.0% (Concentrate)	Saturated Vapor Concentration:	Not determined
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined	Release of invisible flammable vapors and gases:	Yes
Vapor Density (air = 1):	Not determined	Aerosol Protection Level (NFPA 30B):	3
Relative Density (Water = 1):	Not determined	Solubility:	Insoluble in water

## 10 – Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** Non-reactive

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal storage conditions.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid extreme heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid physical damage to aerosol can.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizers agents and strong acids.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

## 11 – Toxicological Information

### Health Hazards:

**Ingestion:** Swallowing is an unlikely route of exposure for an aerosol product. If swallowed, this material may cause irritation of the mouth, throat and esophagus. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

**Eye Contact:** Liquid sprayed into eyes may cause mild irritation. May cause redness, stinging, swelling, and tearing.

**Skin Contact:** May produce mild irritation. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce defatting and dermatitis.

**Inhalation:** Mist or vapor can irritate the throat and lungs. High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

**Chronic Exposure:** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory conditions may be aggravated by exposure.

### Acute Toxicity Values:

Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy: Oral rat LD50: >5000 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50: >4951 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4hr, Skin rabbit LD50: >5000 mg/kg

Mineral Oil: Oral rat LD50: >15 g/kg

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** No data available for mixture. Based on the ingredients, this product is not classified as a skin irritant.

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** No data available for mixture. Based on the ingredients, this product is not classified as an eye irritant.

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** This product is not expected to cause sensitization.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** None of the components have been found to be mutagenic.

**Carcinogenicity:** None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, US OSHA or the EU CLP.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive effects.

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

**Single Exposure:** No data available.

**Repeated Exposure:** No data available.

**Aspiration Hazard:** Based on the ingredients, this product is expected to present an aspiration hazard and may be harmful if the contents are swallowed.

## 12 – Ecological Information

### Ecotoxicity:

Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy: 96 hr LL50 Rainbow trout: >10-<30 mg/L, 48 hr EL50 Daphnia magna: >22-<46 mg/L, 72 hr EL50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >1000 mg/L, 72 hr NOELR Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata:<1 mg/L

Mineral Oil: 21 days EC50 Daphnia magna: >10 mg/L

This product has been classified as harmful to the aquatic environment with long lasting effects based on the components. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

**Persistence and Degradability:** Naptha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy: Readily biodegradable in water-89% in 28 days. Mineral Oil: Not readily degradable – 31% in 28 days.

**Bioaccumulative Potential:** No data available.

**Mobility in Soil:** No data available.

**Other Adverse Effects:** None Known

### 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Safe Handling and Disposal Method:** Aerosol containers should not be punctured, compacted in home trash compactors or incinerated.

**Disposal of Contaminated Packaging:** Empty containers may be disposed of through normal waste management options.

**Environmental Regulations:** Dispose of all waste product, absorbents, and other materials in accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

### 14 – Transportation Information

**IMDG Shipping Name:** Aerosols

**IMDG Hazard Class:** 2.1

**UN Number:** UN1950

**Marine Pollutant:** No

**IATA Shipping Name:** Aerosols, Flammable

**IATA Hazard Class:** 2.1

**UN Number:** UN1950

**ADG Shipping Name:** Aerosols

**ADG Hazard Class:** 2.1

**UN Number:** UN1950

**Hazchem (Emergency Action) Code:** 2YE

**Special Precautions for User:** WD-40 Company does not test aerosol cans to assure that they meet the pressure and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our aerosol products be transported by air.

### 15 – Regulatory Information

**Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances):** None present

**The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants):** None present

**The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent):** Not applicable

**Basel Convention:** Not applicable

**International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL):** None present

**Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP):** Not applicable

**Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:** All of the components of this product are listed on the AICS inventory.

**New Zealand:**

**HSNO Approval Number:** HSR002515

*Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Classified as Dangerous Good for transport purposes.*

HSNO Hazard Classes: 2.1.2A, 6.1E, 6.9B, 9.1D, 9.1C

New Zealand Inventory: All the ingredients comply with the HSNO regulations.

## 16 – Other Information

REVISION DATE: 3 March 2017

SUPERSEDES: 20 July 2016

Prepared By: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc.

Full Text of GHS Classification and H Phrases from Section 3:

Aq. Chronic Cat 3 Aquatic Chronic Toxicity Category 3

Asp. Tox. Cat 1 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Flam. Gas Cat 1 Flammable Gas Category 1

Flam. Liq. Cat 3 Flammable Liquid Category 3

Press. Gas Compressed Gas

STOT SE Cat 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

List of Abbreviations or Acronyms:

ACGIH American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

ADG Australian Dangerous Goods

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

AU Australia

EC Effective Concentration

EU European Union

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms

IARC International Agency of Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dosage

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

NTP National Toxicology Program

NZ New Zealand

OEL Occupational Exposure Limits

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TWA Time-Weighted Average

UEL Upper Explosive Limit

US OSHA United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

WHS Work Health and Safety

REVIEWED BY: I. Kowalski

TITLE: Manager Regulatory Affairs

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